1		SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF
2		DR. KYLE D. MAURER SR., P.E.
3		ON BEHALF OF
4		THE SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF
5		DOCKET NO. 2019-290-WS
6		IN RE: APPLICATION OF BLUE GRANITE WATER COMPANY FOR
7		APPROVAL TO ADJUST RATE SCHEDULES AND INCREASE RATES
8		
9	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND OCCUPATION.
10	A.	My name is Kyle D. Maurer Sr. My business address is 1401 Main Street, Suite
11		900, Columbia, South Carolina 29201. I am employed by the South Carolina Office of
12		Regulatory Staff ("ORS") in the Water Operations Department as Deputy Director.
13	Q.	DID YOU FILE DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS RELATED TO THIS
14		PROCEEDING?
15	A.	Yes. I filed direct testimony and two (2) exhibits with the Public Service
16		Commission of South Carolina ("Commission") on January 23, 2020.
17	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
18	A.	The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to respond to rebuttal testimony filed
19		by Blue Granite Water Company ("BGWC" or "Company") witnesses Denton and
20		Mendenhall on February 6, 2020. Specifically, I will focus on:
21		Non-revenue water; and
22		• Costs Associated with the Greenville Office Upgrades.
23		Non-Revenue Water

Surreb	uttal Testimony of Dr. Kyle D. Maurer Sr., P.E. Docket No. 2019-290-WS Blue Granite Water Company
Februa	Page 2 of 9
Q.	COMPANY WITNESS MENDENHALL STATES THAT THE COMPANY IS
	IMPLEMENTING AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION ("AWWA")
	RECOMMENDED MEASURES AGAINST NON-REVENUE WATER. ¹ THIS
	INCLUDED ITEMS SUCH AS REVIEWING DATA AND PREPARING AN
	AWWA WATER BALANCE. DID ORS REVIEW THE COMPANY'S WATER
	AUDIT DATA?
A.	Yes. ORS requested that the Company submit completed water audits for each
	subdivision operated by the Company using the AWWA's free Water Audit Software. The
	Company responded as follows:
	The AWWA software has not been utilized by the Company since its last rate case . In lieu of providing the software results, BGW is submitting its water accountability report titled "Monthly Water Acct Form – SC" for all water systems, which provides comparable information . The first tab of the report (System List) has active links to individual tabs for each system/subdivision. ² [emphasis added]
	Within the Water Accountability Report, the workbook for each subdivision
	contains data entry fields related to AWWA's water balance, such as water supplied (e.g.,
	water pumped or purchased), revenue water (e.g., metered billing), and non-revenue water,
	which includes individual components of non-revenue water such as unbilled authorized
	consumption (e.g., flushing, firefighting, etc.), apparent losses (e.g., meter errors, data
	handling errors, or unauthorized consumption), and real losses (e.g., leaks) for each month.
	The Company's data for water supplied and revenue water is well documented, which in

turn is used to calculate overall non-revenue water. However, the majority of data fields

for individual components of non-revenue water are empty (i.e., no documented value). In

¹ Rebuttal Testimony of Bryce Mendenhall, Page 4, lines 25-26

² Response to First Request for Production of Books, Records, and Other Information 1.89

general, the documented components of non-revenue water consisted of relatively few data entries for main/hydrant flushing and leak events. The water audit data provided by the Company fails to provide insight into the individual components of non-revenue water within a given subdivision that are contributing to non-revenue water.

The Water Accountability Report was also the basis for the calculations made by the Company to determine the amount of non-revenue water for subdivisions served by a third-party water provider and the cost associated with non-revenue water greater than 10% for a given subdivision, which was updated through the twelve (12) month period ending November 30, 2019.³ During the twelve (12) months ending November 30, 2019, the summation of flushing and leak events documented by the Company in the Water Accountability Report for all subdivisions served by a third-party water provider were 926,385 gallons and 701,530 gallons, respectively. A listing of the flushing and leak events for each subdivision as documented by the Company for the twelve (12) months ending November 30, 2019 is found in Surrebuttal Exhibit KDM-1.

To put these figures in perspective, documented flushing events across all subdivisions served by a third-party water provider accounted for less than 1% of the combined total water input and combined total non-revenue water in these subdivisions over the twelve (12) month period ending November 30, 2019. Similarly, documented leak events across all subdivisions served by a third-party water provider accounted for less than 1% of the combined total water input and combined total non-revenue water in these subdivisions over that same twelve (12) month period. The cause of the remaining combined total non-revenue water is not explained by the Company's water audit data. It

³ Response to Energy Operations Request ("EOR") #27, Question 1

Page 4 of 9

	is difficult to pinpoint the major causes of non-revenue water or make informed
	recommendations for water loss control and infrastructure in a given subdivision using the
	Company's water audit data.
Q.	COMPANY WITNESS MENDENHALL DISAGREED WITH YOUR
	STATEMENT THAT "THE COMPANY EXPERIENCED A LARGE INCREASE
	TO THE NUMBER OF SUBDIVISIONS WITH MORE THAN 10% NON-
	REVENUE WATER SINCE ITS LAST RATE CASE.4 HOW DO YOU RESPOND?
A.	Company witness Mendenhall's disagreement does not change the fact that more
	than half of the Company's subdivisions that purchase water from a third-party provider
	realized more than 10% non-revenue water. It should be noted that even if the subdivisions
	over which Mr. Mendenhall takes exception are removed from the comparison, the number
	of subdivisions with more than 10% non-revenue water still triples from Docket No. 2017-
	292-WS to this proceeding.
Q.	COMPANY WITNESS MENDENHALL STATES THAT LEAK DETECTION
	STUDIES ALONE WOULD COST MORE THAN THE ANNUAL COST OF NON-
	REVENUE WATER ABOVE ORS'S THRESHOLD.5 DO YOU AGREE WITH HIS
	STATEMENT?
A.	No. For each individual subdivision, the cost of a leak detection study does not
	exceed the cost of non-revenue water greater than 10% based on the cost data provided by
	Company witness Mendenhall. ⁶ Additionally, the costs associated with excessive non-
	revenue water would be annual costs. The Company did not state whether the leak
	A. Q.

⁴ Rebuttal Testimony of Bryce Mendenhall, Page 5, lines 10-11

⁵ Rebuttal Testimony of Bryce Mendenhall, Page 7, lines 14-15

⁶ Rebuttal Testimony of Bryce Mendenhall, Pages 7-8, Table 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Q.

Α.

A.

detection studies would be a one-time or recurring cost, and if the studies would be
recurring, the Company does not state the frequency of such studies. Given the lack o
comprehensive water audit data, the Company does not know whether leaks are
significant contributor to non-revenue water.

Q. COMPANY WITNESS MENDENHALL STATES THAT A MORE REASONABLE APPROACH WOULD BE TO SET GOALS FOR EACH SYSTEM.⁷ HOW DO YOU RESPOND?

The suggestion from Company witness Mendenhall assumes that the Company has comprehensive water audit data for each subdivision to guide such system-specific goals. As the Company has not presented such data in response to ORS requests, ORS contends that a single numeric threshold for all subdivisions, as implemented in the Company's last rate case, remains appropriate. Under the circumstances of this case, ORS's threshold is reasonable in that it realizes an acceptable level of non-revenue water may occur, while simultaneously protecting the Company's customers from excessive non-revenue water.

WHY SHOULD A NUMERIC THRESHOLD FOR NON-REVENUE WATER BE ACCEPTED BY THE COMMISSION?

Absent comprehensive water audit data from the Company or a directive from this Commission on how to adjust for excessive non-revenue water, ORS contends that a numeric threshold for non-revenue water is the appropriate and reasonable method to ensure customers are protected against excessive non-revenue water while realizing an acceptable level of non-revenue water may occur. The first step towards the Company mitigating the impacts of non-revenue water should be enhanced efforts to collect,

⁷ Rebuttal Testimony of Bryce Mendenhall, Page 8, lines 1-4

1 document, and analyze its water audit data. The Company does not appear to have taken 2 this first step yet.

3 WHAT NUMERIC THRESHOLD IS THE COMPANY PROPOSING IN THIS 0.

4 PROCEEDING?

5

6

7

8

9

10

13

14

15

16

17

Α.

The Company has proposed the use of a 20% threshold for non-revenue water if the Commission deems a threshold limit appropriate.⁸ Table 1 below provides a comparison of the total non-revenue water adjustments using the ORS's recommended 10% threshold and the Company's recommended 20% threshold, assuming the only change to the analysis is the non-revenue water threshold.

Table 1: Non-Revenue Water Adjustment Comparison

Adjustment	10%	20%
Purchase Expense	\$271,930	\$47,177
Purchase Deferral	\$16,976 ⁹	\$010
TOTAL	\$288,906	\$47,177

11 DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED 20% NON-REVENUE Q. WATER THRESHOLD? 12

No. While the Company did not object to the 10% non-revenue water threshold A. recommended by ORS in Docket No. 2017-292-WS, the Company contests it in this proceeding. The non-revenue water adjustment in this case has a larger impact on expenses than the non-revenue water adjustment in Docket 2017-292-WS. However, because 10% is both appropriate and reasonable, the monetary size of the adjustment should not change

⁸ Rebuttal Testimony of Bryce Mendenhall, Page 9, lines 13-14

⁹ This calculation is based upon a \$50,929 impact to the deferral balances that is amortized over there (3) years

¹⁰ ORS used an aggregate non-revenue water value of 15.8% for the purchased water deferral adjustment

1		the non-revenue water threshold used by ORS or the Company's position on the previously
2		utilized non-revenue water threshold.
3	Q.	SHOULD THE COMMISSION AUTHORIZE DEFERRAL TREATMENT OF
4		THIRD-PARTY WATER AUDIT COSTS, AND THE ACCRUAL OF CARRYING
5		COST AT THE COMPANY'S AUTHORIZED COST OF DEBT, TO FACILITATE
6		RECOVERY IN THE NEXT RATE CASE?
7	A.	No. ORS agrees the Company and their third-party water auditor should work to
8		reduce non-revenue water. Moving forward, the Company should increase its efforts to
9		collect, document, and analyze water audit data; data that will help pinpoint the major
10		causes of non-revenue water in each of the Company's subdivisions and provide informed
11		guidance for specific remedies. Third-party water audit costs are expenses that could be
12		evaluated for recovery in the Company's next rate case. There should be no deferral
13		treatment or carrying costs.
14		Greenville Office Upgrades
15	Q.	HAS ORS'S POSITION REGARDING DISALLOWANCE OF COSTS
16		ASSOCIATED WITH THE MOVE TO GREENVILLE CHANGED?
17	A.	No. Company witness Denton states that attracting talent in Columbia has been
18		difficult due to brand issues in the market. Specifically, he stated that:
19 20 21 22		The Company considered its brand impact in each market and used CBRE data to compare labor statistics. Attracting talent in the Columbia market has been extremely difficult due to the legacy brand issues in the market. [emphasis added]

¹¹ Rebuttal Testimony of Donald Denton, Page 6, lines 4-7

In Docket No. 2018-365-WS, the Company provided a notice that was sent to its customers regarding the Company's rebranding efforts. A copy of this notice is attached as Surrebuttal Exhibit KDM-2. An excerpt from this notice to customers reads:

It's an exciting time at our company, and as we look forward, we are refreshing our brand at no cost to our customers to reflect our legacy and to showcase our new direction. [emphasis added]

As stated above, Company witness Denton reasons that legacy brand issues diminished the Company's ability to acquire talented workers in the Columbia market. The Company asserts its rebranding and relocation were aimed to alleviate the Company's talent acquisition issues. The Company represented to its customers that the refreshing of the Company's brand would be at no cost to them and is now contradicting that representation by attempting to pass on to customers relocation and office upgrade costs that were part of its rebranding.

The long-term issues that caused the Company's brand to hinder talent acquisition in the Columbia area is not the fault of customers. Nor is the former location of the Company's headquarters in Columbia the cause of any talent acquisition problems. Such problems were caused by the Company, not its location. Customers should not pay for the offenses of past Company management and all rebranding costs, including those associated with the relocation and Greenville office upgrades, should be the burden of the Company's shareholders as was stated in their notice to customers.

Q. COMPANY WITNESS DENTON DESCRIBES THE OFFICES AS "UP TO DATE
AND FUNCTIONAL, BUT THEY ARE NOT LUXURIOUS OR GOLDPLATED." 12 HOW DO YOU RESPOND?

¹² Rebuttal Testimony of Donald Denton, Page 4, lines 22-23

Februa	Page 9 of 9
A.	Company witness Denton's use of the term "functional" to describe the Company's
	Greenville office implies the space is simply practical. ORS would respectfully disagree.
	The Company spent nearly \$50,000 per employee on the office upgrades. This cost per
	employee does not consider the recurring lease expenses that have been included for
	recovery in this rate proceeding. As outlined in my direct testimony, the Company did not
	provide reasonable justification to merit the large one-time expense of the upgrades. ORS
	also contends that the Company failed to make reasonable efforts to minimize the costs.
Q.	WILL YOU UPDATE YOUR TESTIMONY BASED ON INFORMATION THAT
	BECOMES AVAILABLE?
A.	Yes. ORS fully reserves the right to revise its recommendations via supplemental
	testimony should new information not previously provided by the Company, or other
	sources, become available.
Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
A.	Yes, it does.

SURREBUTTAL EXHIBIT KDM-1

Subdivision	Flushing (gal)	Leaks (gal)
Barney Rhett	1,500	-
Bellmead	4,200	-
Bridgewater	1,800	-
Calhoun Acres	-	1,000
Charleswood	13,000	-
Clearview	-	1,000
Country Oaks	15,975	16,000
Dobbins Estates	5,000	-
Dutch Village/Dutch Creek/Raintree Acres	-	-
Dutchman Shores	10,500	1,000
Edgebrook	-	-
Farrowood	5,000	3,000
Forty Love/Indian Fork	-	-
Foxwood	53,000	43,000
Greenforest	-	1,400
Harborside/Windward Point-Harbour Place	3,000	-
Hickory Hills	2,400	-
Hidden Lake	1,000	25,000
Hidden Lakes	12,000	-
Hill and Dale	-	337,330
Hunter's Glen	-	-
I-20	5,550	27,000
Idlewood	1,000	-
Indian Cove	560	-
Indian Pines	-	-
Lakewood	200	100,000
Leon Bolt/Nevitt Forest/Normandy Park	15,400	7,200
Oakwood Estates	-	-
Parkwood	-	-
Peachtree Acres	-	-
Purdy Shores Summer Homes	12,000	-
River Hills	729,900	106,500
Rollingwood	2,000	-
Stonegate (North Pines)	4,000	3,000
Surfside Heights	-	-
The Landings	10,000	-
Towncreek Acres	12,400	29,100
Washington Heights	3,000	
Watergate/Spence Point/Mallard Shores	-	-
Westside Terrace	2,000	-
TOTAL	926,385	701,530



December 5, 2018

Dear Valued Customer,

Every day, we work to improve the lives of our customers in the Palmetto State. We have a mission of providing safe, reliable, and cost-effective water and wastewater services to the communities we serve while promoting environmental stewardship. It's a mission built on a nearly 50-year legacy of service. Today, our commitment to our customers in South Carolina is stronger than ever.

It's an exciting time at our company, and as we look forward, we are refreshing our brand at no cost to our customers to reflect our legacy and to showcase our new direction. We are changing our name to highlight our commitment to serving the communities of South Carolina and to further distinguish our company from Carolina Water Service of North Carolina, which is a separate business entity. We are currently seeking formal approval of our corporate name change with the appropriate regulatory bodies. In the meantime, we invite you to meet our company's new name and look.



The name, Blue Granite Water Company, will be effective after all necessary approvals have been obtained. The name was selected by our employees to represent our South Carolina roots and our commitment to the state. In 2019, the Blue Granite stone will celebrate its 50th year as the South Carolina state stone. Used in the construction of the South Carolina Statehouse, blue granite represents strength and reliability, symbolizing the foundation of our commitment to provide local water and wastewater services that help build vibrant communities.

A fresh color scheme, bold logo and mission centric tagline are elements that make up the new Blue Granite Water Company brand identity. Inside the state outline, water flowing across the state symbolizes a clean and renewable natural resource connecting all communities across the state. Our new tag line centers the brand on our mission because at the end of the day, Blue Granite Water Company is about serving South Carolina's local communities.

A brand is more than a name and logo – it's who we are. It's a company culture that is guided by new core values of Prioritizing Safety, Embracing Service, Inspiring Innovation, Promoting Teamwork and Pursuing Excellence. Our new brand is a tangible symbol of the



positive changes we are making so that we may better serve you. Simply put, we are transforming – new leadership, new name, new look, new headquarters in Greenville, new culture, and a new strategic plan.

Effective January 15, 2019, our domain name and email addresses will change to @bluegranitewaterco.com and our new website will be www.bluegranitewaterco.com; truck decals and facility signs will be changed; and employees will wear new uniforms with the Blue Granite Water Company logo prominently stitched on the shirts. Additionally, our new corporate office address will be 130 South Main Street, Suite 800, Greenville, SC 29601.

The company's name change will not impact our customer service phone number ((800)367-4314) or any of our emergency contact numbers. Beginning January 15, 2019, customer bills will be issued with the new name and logo, and payments should be remitted to Blue Granite Water Company at that time; the general bill form, payment methods, and address for bill payments will remain the same.

Transformation is more than a name change; it's a different way of solving problems and serving customers. One thing has not changed as part of ourthe rebranding and that is our commitment to always getting better. We are proud to serve you and the state of South Carolina.

Sincerely,

Catherine Heigel President